

Pre-Event Planning Checklist

Legal Advice Checklist

	Liability for injuries
	Liability for actions or omissions
	Liability for impact on normal emergency operations
	Liability for other financial obligations incurred in responding to major emergencies occasioned by the event
	Permit for parades
	Permit for the sale and consumption of alcohol and food items
	Permit for pyrotechnics
	Permit for road and street closures
	Permit for the mass gathering itself
	Inspection for fire safety
	Inspection for public health
	Fee structures and charges for the services provided by local and state authorities
	Fee structures and charges for "User Pays" policy for the services provided at some sporting and entertainment events
	Bonds or liability insurance for costs of responding to any emergencies related to the event
	Bonds or liability for venue cleanup
	Bonds or liability for traffic crowd control
	Bonds or liability for additional policing functions
Critica	I Crowd Densities Checklist
	Prevent the build-up of large accumulations of crowds
	Be aware of typical crowd behaviors in confined spaces
	Identify common characteristics of crowd disasters
	Avoid critical crowd densities equivalent to 5.38 ft²/person standing or less



Planning Leader Responsibilities Checklist

	Monitor the progress of the planning process
	Satisfy all legal requirements throughout the planning process
	Research the statutory authorities needed
	Determine emergency resources that might be required
	Persuade elected political officials to support the event
	Show the financial and quality-of-life impact of a successful event
	Encourage officials to support the public-safety coordinators
	Ensure adequate local resources and funding
Specta	ator Management/Crowd Control Spectrum Checklist
	What are the maximum numbers permitted as established by regulation for safety reasons?
	What is the composition of the audience, including the age and gender mix?
	For audiences with a high proportion of young children, what additional facilities might be required – e.g., nurseries, family bathrooms, rental strollers?
	For events designed primarily for young children or senior citizens, are higher levels of health services or additional medical facilities required?
	For rock concerts, in contrast to other types of concerts, what problems – e.g., drug and alcohol abuse, underage drinking, and, possibly, dangerous weapons – may present a safety/security risk?
	For religious and "faith healing" events, which may attract a significant number of ill and infirm people, is additional on-site medical care required?
	For sports events, which may attract over-reactive and sometimes violent supporters, what safety precautions need to be considered?
	For cultural events, which may require special arrangements, what provisions need to be made – e.g., interpreter services, special food services, and multilingual signposting, brochures, and announcements?
	For outdoor concerts, what is the space allocation for lawn seats (5 ft²/person is the minimum suggested)?
	For any outdoor events, what additional security personnel are needed for barrier management?



Hazardous Materials Checklist

Abandoned vehicles	Industrial explosions
Airplane crashes	Landslides/mudslides
Airspace encroachments	Mine disasters
Assaults	Motor vehicle accidents
Avalanches	Oil spills
Biological incidents	Oxygen tanks
Bomb threats/suspicious packages	Pollution, water/air
Chemical spills	Power failures (sustained)
Civil disturbances/crowds/demonstrations	Propane tanks
Cyber attacks	Public health concerns
Dam breaks/failures	Pyrotechnics
Droughts	Radiological releases
Earthquakes	Security breaches
Epidemics	Snowstorms
Explosive materials	Structural collapses
Fires	Subsidence
Floods	Terrorism
Fog/smog episodes	Tornadoes
Food-handling violations	Traffic control problems
Food waste disposal	Train derailments
Gas pipeline breaks/explosions	Tsunamis
Hailstorms	Volcanic eruptions
Hazardous Materials	Water main breaks
Hostages (without terrorism)	Water shortages
Human waste disposal problems	Wildfires
Ice storms	



Contingency Plans Checklist

What weather conditions may require cancellation of the event?
What weather conditions may lead to postponement of the event?
How will storm warnings be monitored?
What plans are in place to cope with sudden and severe weather conditions – tornadoes, for example?
Will shelters be available?
Who has the authority to make emergency decisions, and at what point does he or she exercise that authority?
How will notification be made of a cancellation or postponement?
Are additional security personnel, including police, on standby or on call if there is an immediate/unexpected increase in the need for additional security?
Have ambulance services and local hospitals been advised of the timeline and nature of the event, the expected spectator profile, and any potential medical problems?
Have fire and rescue services been notified of the nature of the event and identified the services that might be required?
Has the jurisdiction considered how to respond to an intentional – i.e., man-made CBRNE (Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, Explosive) incident?
Has the need for and/or method of mass decontamination been considered?



Credentialing Planning Checklist

	Who and/or what groups of people, specifically, will be credentialed?
	Will credentialed personnel require a check of their police records?
	Who will conduct the record checks?
	What criteria will be used for various levels of access?
	Who will make the final decisions on who will or will not be credentialed?
	Who will be responsible for credential production?
	Who will authorize credential production?
	What is the format to be used for receipt of the information necessary to produce the credential (e.g., electronic, paper)?
	Will photographs of those credentialed be needed?
	Where will the credentialing center be located? (The credentialing center should be located outside the secure zone and accessible primarily if not exclusively to those requiring credentials.)
	Who will secure this location and provide the security needed for credentialing personnel and their equipment?
	How will the security of the credentialing database be maintained?
\Box	How, and to whom, will credentials be distributed?



Public Health/Medical Care Planning Checklist

How many medical stations will be required onsite?
Will medical personnel operate in a facility to which injured persons must make their way?
Will clearly identified medical teams patrol the spectator areas?
How will spectators identify the medical personnel onsite (uniforms, vests, badges, etc.)?
Will vehicles be available to transport spectators to the medical facility?
Will medical vehicles be appropriate to the terrain?
Will four-wheel-drive vehicles be required for off-road areas (or golf carts for high-density spectator areas)?
If an ambulance is not required, will a "chauffeuring" system be available to transport persons from the onsite medical facility to their own vehicles or other transportation?
How will medical personnel be notified that there are spectators requiring assistance?
What means of communication will be available to permit attending medical personnel to communicate with offsite medical personnel, event organizers, security, and other support personnel?
Are there any sponsorship conflicts between the event sponsor(s) and medical service operators?
What level of onsite medical care, if any, is required?
What mix of medical personnel (first aid providers, paramedics, nurses, doctors) is required onsite?
Who or what agencies or healthcare facilities will provide these personnel?
How will the cost for their services be funded?
Are the health service providers from the local area? If not, how will their services be integrated with those provided by local medical services?
How will security concerns for healthcare personnel onsite be addressed?
Are the personnel credentialed required to respond to anticipated medical problems? And/or to go through additional training?
Will medical personnel or vehicles need special credentials to allow them access to all areas of the venue?
Will medical personnel assigned for public safety workers be available at the event?
Are aero-medical services, and landing zones, available?
Where is the closest trauma center?
Have primary and secondary receiving hospitals been identified in advance?
Do area hospitals have adequate beds and enough personnel capacity to respond to the potential emergency requirements of the planned event?



Communications Systems Planning Checklist

	What communications systems will be enabled to provide messaging to different sections of the crowd – both inside and outside the event venue?		
	Will the Incident Command Post have access to the central communications system, interoperability, and communications with the Emergency Operations Center (EOC – if a center is activated)?		
	How will the stage sound system be mute or silenced if emergency personnel use a separate sound system?		
	Where will signboards be spaced throughout the venue to enhance the public-address system?		
	At what volume level can announcements be heard over the spectator noise?		
	Will the audience easily understand announcements?		
	Are multiple-language announcements required?		
	What wording will lend the greatest credibility to the instructions provided?		
	If public-address systems cannot be put in place, can special events personnel use the public-address systems in emergency vehicles and/or on closed-circuit television?		
	What contingencies in communications routes will be in place?		
	What will be used if cellular telephones are not operational?		
	Is there an integrated, multi-agency frequency available for communications?		
	Are landlines available for telephone service?		
	Are amateur radio operators available for emergency communications?		
Post-Planning Checklist			
	Once the event begins, transfer responsibility for the preplanning process to the Planning Section Chief under ICS guidelines		
	After the event, perform a quick "hot wash" - to focus on what went right and what went wrong		
	Write an after-action report based on the post-event discussions – including lessons learned, best practices, potential pitfalls, problems, possible solutions		
	Promulgate the after-action report for use by future leaders and managers		